



**MODEL 2214-HCF
DUAL CHANNEL HYDROCARBON FLOAT
LEVEL TRANSMITTER**

User Manual

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1.0 INSTRUMENT OVERVIEW

1.1 FEATURES

- Simultaneous readings from up to 2 oil level probes
- Display of oil levels on water
- Galvanically isolated probe inputs
- 1 Point automatic calibration for oil on water
- RF Technology
- Arjay pulse card system for simple, safe, remote control, calibration and maintenance
- 1 timed (user set) relay (SPDT 10A contacts) to activate an oil removal pump
- 2 general purpose alarm relays for oil level alarms (SPDT 10A contacts)
- 1 relay (SPDT 10A contacts) to indicate instrument error for remote status
- Isolated mA output per float Independently selectable as Direct / Inverse & 4-20 / 0-20mA output with offset capability
- RS-485 Network / Modbus protocol
- For use with any Arjay Capacitance Hydrocarbon Float Sensor

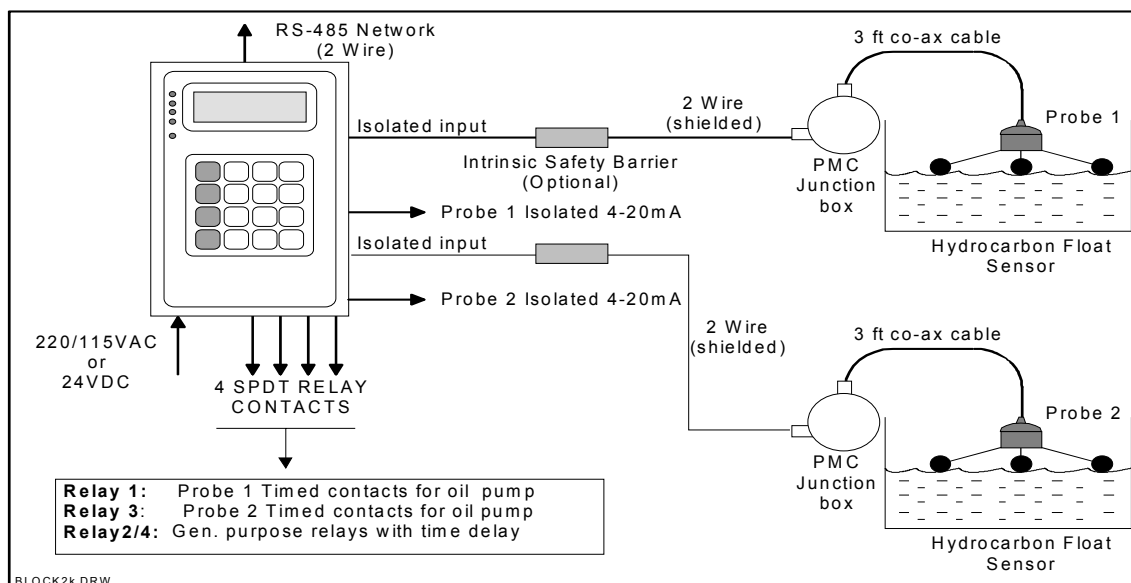
1.2 DESCRIPTION

The unit senses oil level using a RF capacitance measurement technique for very high resolution measurements. The Oil Level on water is measured by the 2214 controller by floating the sensor on top of the water and measuring the capacitance change as the water is displaced by oil on the surface. As oil displaces the water on the surface, the measured capacitance of the level probe decreases linearly up to one inch using the A00083 float sensor and up to 24 " using the A00525 floating probe sensor. This measured capacitance can be used to display %oil level and to provide signals and controls. Note: The floats must be floating on water at all times or they will go into alarm.

Probe inputs and mA outputs are all galvanically isolated to minimize electrical interference.

The controller may be located up to one km away from the probe electronics connected via inexpensive 2 wire shielded cable and 35 ft to the hydrocarbon float sensor probe using coax cable.

A 20 character by 4 line LCD and 16 key membrane keypad offer detailed data displays plus ease of calibration and setup. Level is displayed in percentage of oil level and in user selectable engineering units. In addition a bar graph gives a quick indication of level.



OPERATION

The Oil Level on the water surface is monitored by measuring the capacitance of the hydrocarbon float sensor. As oil displaces the water on the surface, the measured capacitance of the float sensor decreases linearly and can be used to display oil level and to provide signals and controls.

USER INTERFACE

Display	4 line X 20 Character LCD with backlight + bar graph.
Keypad	4x4 Membrane type matrix.
Network	RS-485 / Modbus protocol

PERFORMANCE

Range	Probe assembly #A00083 = 0-1" (0-254mm)
Accuracy	Between 0 and 0.5", accuracy is +/- 0.25" Between 0.5" and 1.0", accuracy is +/- 0.125"

Range	Probe assembly #A00525 = 0-24" (0-6000mm)
Accuracy	.2% of span

Resolution	0.1 inches of oil
------------	-------------------

INPUTS

2 Probes. Probe inputs are galvanically isolated. Connection is via 2 wire plus shield connection to an Arjay PMC-2000 module located in the probe head.

OUTPUTS / RELAYS

mA output	0.05% resolution, sourced into 900 Ohms maximum load.
Relay specs.	4 SPDT 10A/120VAC contacts:
Relay 1:	Probe 1 oil pump relay: Selectable alarm point to turn on oil removal pump for an adjustable period of time (2 - 600 seconds).
Relay 3:	Probe 2 oil pump relay. Properties as per Relay 1.
Relays 2&4:	Alarm relays, each mappable to either probe. Alarm point set over full scale oil range. Programmable time delay: 0 - 99 seconds. Hi Fail-safe selectable.

POWER

115VAC @ 10VA or 220VAC or 24VDC @ 0.4A max. (specify at time of order)

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Enclosure	sub plate mount, (optional wall Mount Type Nema 4X enclosure).
Dimensions	5.3" x 8.5" x 2.5" (Wall Mount Nema 4X: 14" x 12" x 7").
Weight	2.2 kg (5lb) max. (Wall Mount Nema 4X: 6kg (13lbs)).

ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Operating Temp.	Controller: -20 to 60 Deg. C Shielded from sun. Pulse card/float sensor : -40 to 80 Deg C.
Relative Humidity	90% max. with no condensation.

2.0 INSTALLATION

NOTE: If any damage to the instrument is found, please notify an Arjay Engineering representative as soon as possible prior to installation. The 2000 controller may be mounted up to one mile from the PMC card using 16 gauge 2-wire SHIELDED cable. The distance between the PMC and the sensor is restricted to within 35 feet of coax cable supplied. **Do not coil the coax cable. Any excess cable should be cut back. User must allow enough cable for the changing levels of water.**

2.1 PROBES

Hydrocarbon Float sensor's wetted materials are constructed of PVC and Stainless Steel. The coax cable from the float to the pulse card junction box is made of a black PVC jacket.

2.2 SENSOR INSTALLATION

The Tri-float sensor is supplied with 35 feet of coaxial cable between the float and the PMC junction box. As the float rises, the cable will hang into the water. Therefore a minimal water level change is preferred to reduce the stress pull on the sensor. The sensor should be placed in an area of calm or protected water. The PMC junction box must be mounted above the flood level.

NOTE: To ensure proper operation and electrical safety, make sure the 2214 controller and PMC junction box are electrically grounded. There is a green ground screw at the bottom of the PMC junction box.

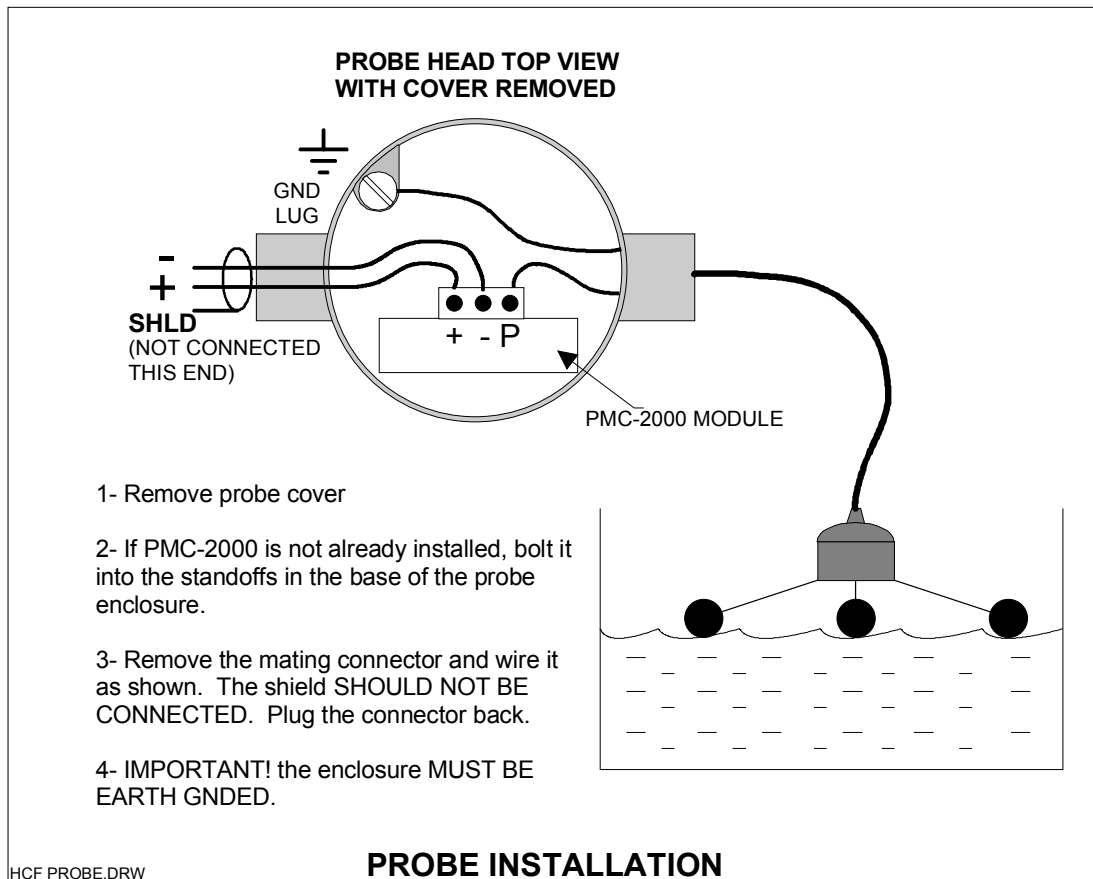


Figure 2.0

2.3 MECHANICAL INSTALLATION

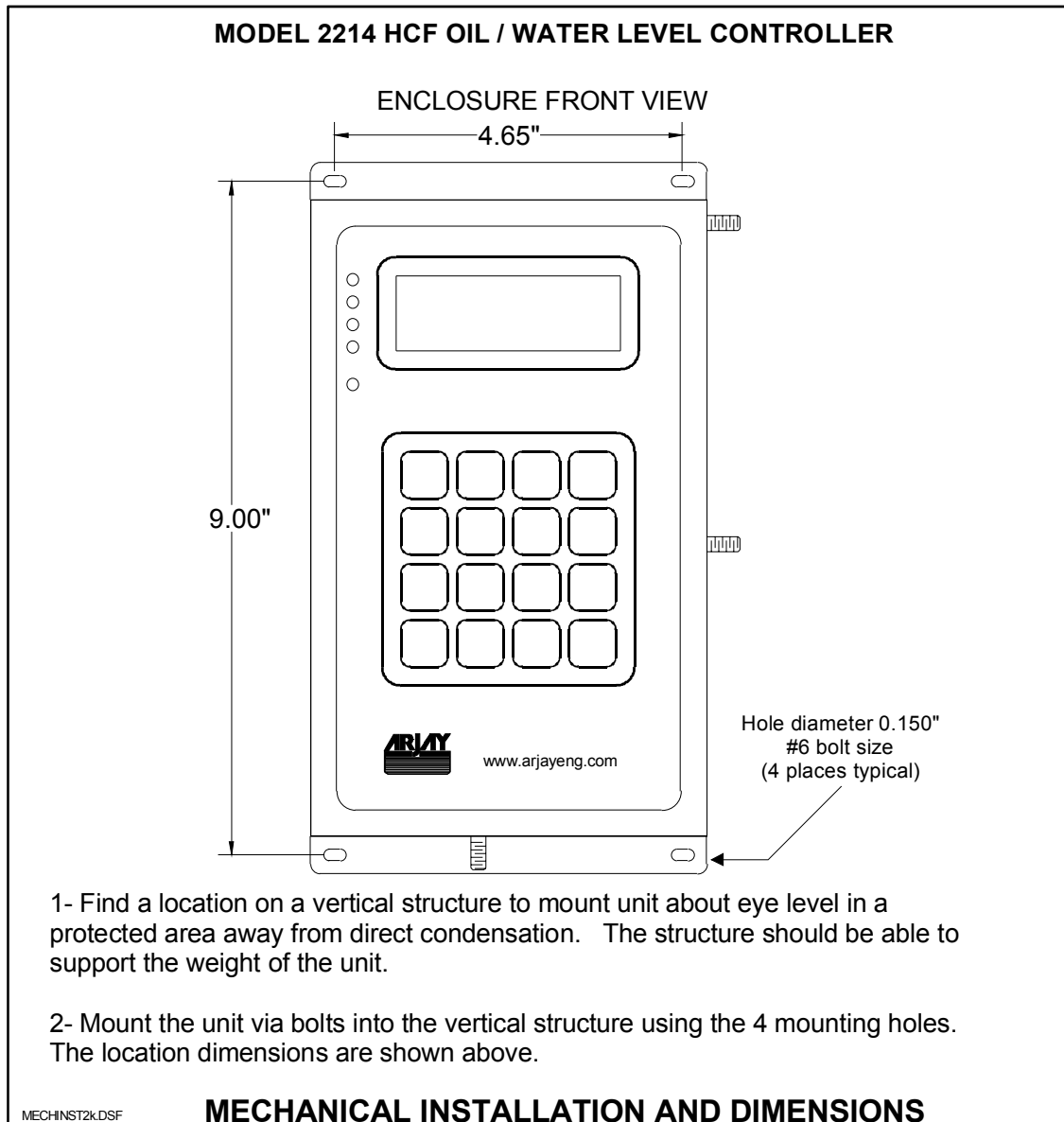


Figure 2.1

2.4 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

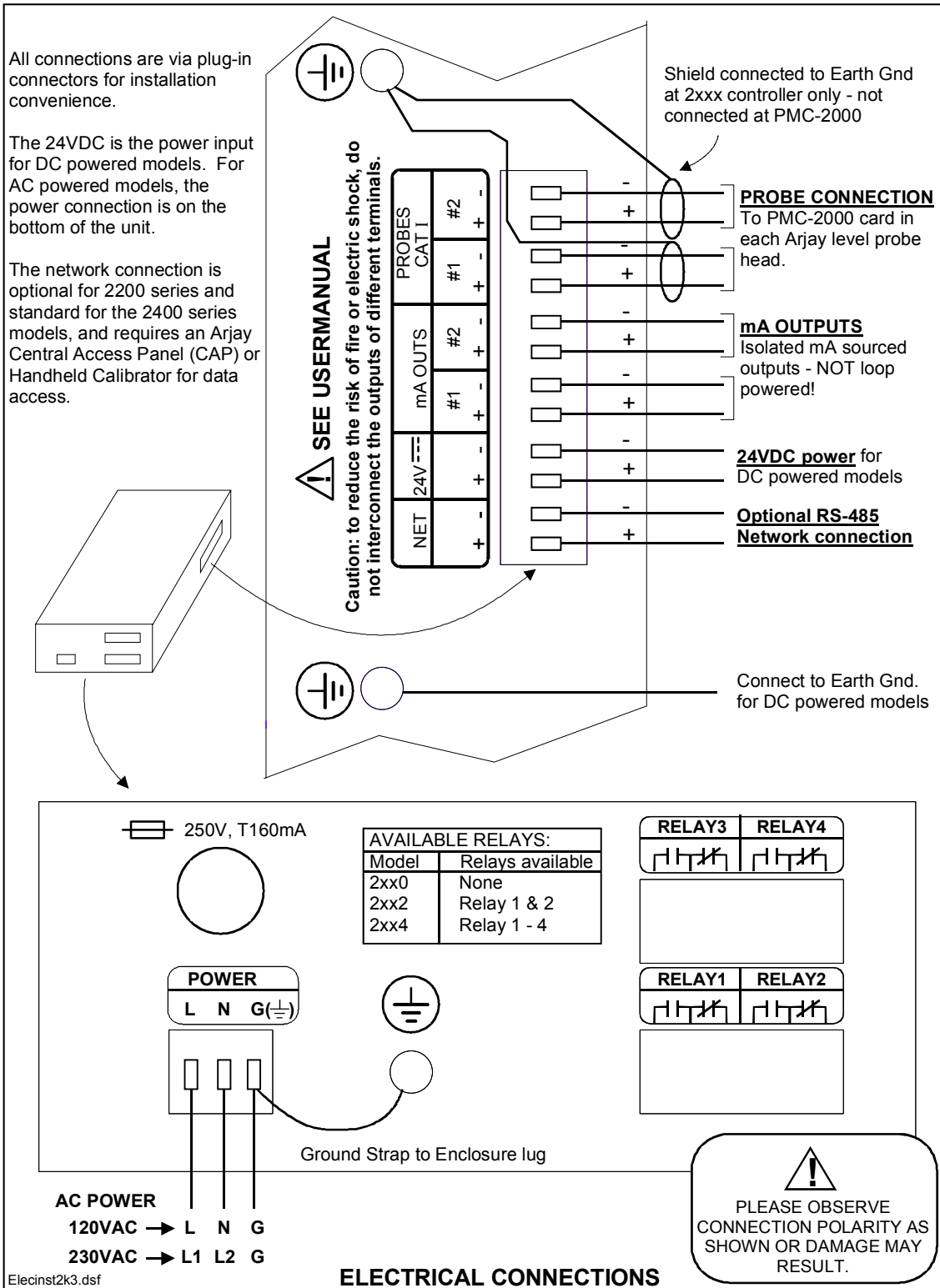


Figure 2.2

3.0 STARTUP AND CALIBRATION

This section is provided for minimum setup. For a more detailed description of features please refer to Section 4.0.

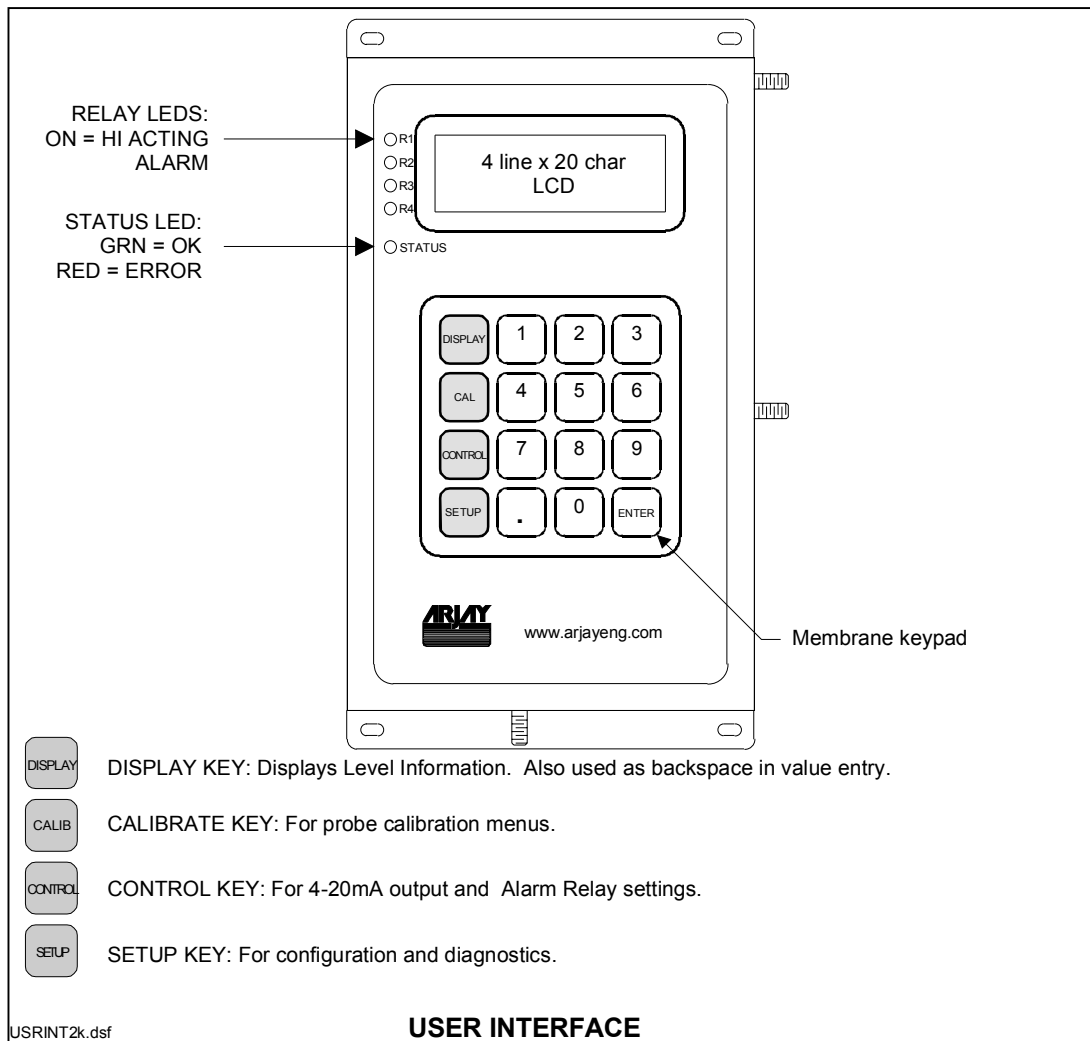


Figure 3.0

3.1 NOTES ON VALUE ENTRY

When entering in numeric values, the cursor can be backspaced to correct mistakes by pressing the DISPLAY key. This is only true if the cursor is not at the beginning of the displayed value, in which case the DISPLAY menu is entered.

Values may be entered with any number of places of decimal.

If the entered value is out of the allowed limits, the system displays the limiting value for 2 seconds. For example if the mA Span value is entered as 5000.0% then **MAX. 100 is** displayed for 2 seconds then entry is allowed again. The current value is not changed unless the entered value is within limits.

During value entry, the capacitance and level are still being constantly updated in the background. Apart from the CALIBRATION menu and the DIAGNOSTICS menu, in all other menus, the Alarm relays and the mA output are also updated.

3.2 POWERUP DISPLAY

After mechanical and electrical installations of the probe(s) and the controller have been successfully completed, power up the unit. The following startup screen will be displayed for about 3 seconds:

Arjay Engineering
Level-Ease 2214OWS
Rev: 3.00 / 2040_14
S/N: 001234

The Rev. line displays the Hardware Revision followed by the Software Revision separated with a “/”.

The Serial Number is displayed by itself on the bottom line.

After the startup screen, the LCD should show a screen similar to:

#1: 9.00% 1.08in
□ □
#2: 20.0% 4.80in
□ □ □ □

NOTE: The shown values are for example only.

The 1st and 2nd lines are for probe #1. Line 1 shows the oil level in percent and in selected engineering units. One of 8 engineering units may be selected in the configuration menu as described in the next sub-section. Line 2 displays a bar graph of the oil percent. The resolution is 5%.

The 3rd and 4th lines are for probe #2.

The Status Indicator (see figure 3.0) should be green. If this is red then the LCD displays the kind of System Error. See the troubleshooting guide for details.

3.3 MINIMUM SETUP

3.3.1 XMTR VALUES

- Press the SETUP key to get the following menu screen:

*******SETUP*******
1-PMC 2000 2-Diags
3-Settings
0-Selected Probe: 1

- Select the desired probe by pressing 0 if necessary, then 1 for PMC 2000, then and 2 for Manual. This menu enters the PMC-2000 level transmitter module’s calibration parameters. These parameters are printed on a label affixed to the PMC-2000 transmitter connector and should also be noted down in the SETTINGS table located at the end of this manual. On pressing 2 for Manual:

PMC 2000 #1 SETUP
Enter mar A value:
0.03316

- Enter the PMC-2000 module a value then press Enter. The unit will prompt for the K and C values. Enter these followed by pressing the Enter key in each case.

3.3.2 DATA FILTER (SMOOTHING)

- Press the SETUP KEY if not already in the Setup menu). First select the desired probe by pressing 0 if necessary, then press 3 for Settings, then 1 for Filter.

*******SETTINGS*******
Enter filter time

in seconds:

0.0

- The filter time is the data response time in seconds for the unit to respond to a sudden oil level change. For example a 5 second setting means the calculated value of the oil level will take 5 seconds to respond to an actual sudden change in oil level. Enter the desired value followed by the Enter key.
- Repeat above steps for the other Probe if necessary.

3.3.3 ENGINEERING UNITS

- This parameter should be set before calibration, relay alarms, and mA output values are set. One of 8 units may be selected. These units do NOT cause any change in internal calculations, but are only used for clarity. For example, changing the engineering units from inches to centimeters does NOT change the displayed value, although it will affect the interpretation of values. For example, the calibration slope of oil is 7pF per inch. If the engineering units are changed from inches to centimeters, the slope should be changed to $7/2.54 = 2.75\text{pF per cm}$ for the calculations to be accurate. In addition to the slope value, relay alarms, and mA zero and span values should all be checked to make sure they are consistent with the intended engineering units.
- Press the SETUP KEY if not already in the Setup menu). First select the desired probe by pressing 0 if necessary, then press 3 for Settings, then 2 for Units:

**** SELECT UNITS ****

1-in 2-ft 3-m 4-cm

5-lb 6-kg 7-L 8-gal

Current: gal

- Press the number for the desired units.
- Repeat above steps for the other probe if necessary.

NOTE: THE FACTORY SLOPE VALUE (SEE CALIBRATION) IS ALWAYS GIVEN IN pF/INCH). IF OTHER ENGINEERING UNITS ARE CHOSEN (e.g. cm) THEN MAKE SURE THAT THE SLOPE IS RECALCULATED AND ENTERED FOR pF/cm.

CONTACT TECHNICAL SUPPORT FOR HELP IF NECESSARY.

3.3.4 TAG NUMBER

THE TAG NO.s ARE USED ONLY FOR NETWORK APPLICATIONS AND ARE USUALLY FACTORY SET. To communicate on a network, each controller must have a unique Tag Number (also called node address).

Important: if multiple units on a network have the same address, network errors will result.

An Arjay Central Access Panel (CAP) is required to communicate with 2000 series level controllers on a network. The CAP allows data to be viewed from and remote calibration / set of any 2000 series level controller on the network from a central location.

- Press the SETUP KEY if not already in the Setup menu, then press 3 for Settings, then 3 for Tag #.
- Enter the desired tag number.

3.3.5 mA SETTINGS

- Press the CONTROL key:

****CONTROL SETTINGS****

1-Relay Settings

2-mA Settings

- Press 2 to setup the mA output:

```
***** mA SETTINGS *****
1-Probe1 mA
2-Probe2 mA
```

- Press 1 or 2 to select the desired probe.

```
* Probe1 mA OUTPUT *
Zero (in ) 0.0
Span (in ) 1.0
```

- The unit prompts for the Zero and Span in the chosen engineering units. Enter these values followed by the Enter key in each case. After the Enter key is pressed for the Span value, the following menu is displayed for additional mA settings:

```
* Probe1 mA OUTPUT *
Action: Direct
Type: 4-20mA
Press 1 to change
```

- The cursor will be on the Action setting line. Pressing 1 toggles between Direct and Inverse action. Direct action causes the 4mA to be output when the level is at the Zero setting and 20mA to be output when the level is at the Span setting. Inverse action is the reverse of Direct action. Press the ENTER key when done.
- The cursor now drops to the Type setting line. Pressing 1 toggles between 4-20mA and 0-20mA. The 0-20mA as the name implies, outputs a signal between 0-20mA instead of 4-20mA. The 0-20mA setting generally offers a little better measurement resolution.
- Repeat above steps for the other probe if necessary.

3.3.6 RELAY SETTINGS

DESCRIPTION

RELAY1 (probe 1) / Relay 3 (probe 2): Used for pump applications only

These relays are dedicated for oil pump control for probes 1 and 2 respectively i.e. they start the oil pump if excess oil is present. Pump operation: When the oil level first exceeds the Oil Pump alarm point, the oil pump relay is activated for a programmable period of time. After the Run Time has elapsed, the pump turns off. The relay will reset itself when the condition goes back to normal (no presence of oil). Note: the Pump Relay is normally de-energized when not in alarm. In the event of a power failure to the 2114 OWS, the pump will remain OFF.

RELAY2 & 4 (General purpose use)

Relays 2 and 4 are general purpose alarm relays. Each relay may be mapped to either probe. Setpoint considerations may be:

- a setpoint before the pumps turns on to indicate that oil is accumulating.
- a setpoint higher than the pump setpoint to indicate that the pump is unable to evacuate the oil faster than new oil inflow.

For Failsafe and Action Settings for Relays 2 & 4 please refer to Section 4.3.2 – 4.3.4.

SETTING THE RELAYS

- Press the CONTROL key if not already in the Control Settings menu (see mA Settings display above). The press 1 for Relay Settings:

**** RELAY SETTINGS ****
1-Oil Pump Settings
2-Relay2 4-Relay4
5-Disable Alrms (ENA)

- Disable the relays (factory default setting): The bottom line can disable Alarm relay alarms even if an Alarm condition exists. The factory default setting is OFF (DIS) which prevents Alarm relays from being activated until the unit is fully setup and calibrated. If ENA (i.e. relays are enabled) is displayed in the bottom corner then press 5 to disable relays. **Relays can be enabled AFTER calibration and setup are complete.**
- Press 1 to setup the Oil Pump relays:

PUMP RELAY SETTINGS
1-Probe1 pump: Relay1
2-Probe2 pump: Relay2

- Select the desired probe by pressing 1 or 2:

PROBE 1 PUMP RELAY
ALRM VAL (in) .20

FIsafe=OFF/Action=HI

The bottom line of the LCD confirms that for the Pump Relay, the Failsafe is fixed to OFF, and the Action is High.

- Enter the Pump alarm point in the chosen engineering units followed by the Enter key.
- The unit now prompts for the programmable On Delay. This is the time, in seconds, that the oil pump will wait before turning on.
- Next, the unit prompts for the programmable ON time for the pump (i.e. how long the pump is turned on for): enter the time in seconds followed by the Enter key. The time should be limited so that the oil does not fall below the suction intake tube of the pump, which would cause air to be drawn and the pump to run dry. The flowrate of the pump and volume vs. level of the separator will be needed to determine this accurately.

PROBE 1 PUMP RELAY
ON delay (s): 0
ON time (s): 30

- If necessary, setup the pump relay for the other probe.
- Next setup general purpose alarm relays 2 and 4. If not already at the Relay Settings menu, press the CONTROL key, then 1 for Relay Settings, then 2 to setup relay 2:

*** RELAY 2 SETTINGS ***
Set by probe: 1
Action: HI (1 for LO)
FIsafe: OFF(1 for ON)

- The cursor will be blinking on the second line ("Set by probe: "). If probe 1 is to control this relay then press 1, if probe 2 is to control it, then press 2.
- Select the Alarm Action by pressing 1 to toggle between High and Low action. See Section 4.3.2 – 4.3.4 for help in selecting this value. Press ENTER after selecting Action.
- Next select the Failsafe type by pressing 1 to toggle between On and Off. See Section 4.3.2 – 4.3.4 for help in selecting this value. Press ENTER after selecting the Failsafe type.
- After selecting the Failsafe setting the following menu is displayed.:

*** RELAY 2 SETTINGS ***

ALRM VAL (in) 5.00
On Delay (sec): 0

- Enter the oil level alarm point in the chosen engineering units followed by the Enter key.
- Setup Relay 4 in a similar way.

3.3.7 CALIBRATION

Calibration involves:

1. Entering the Slope or capacitance change per change in the level of oil. This is entered at the factory and is usually around 7pF per inch of oil for A00083 float sensor and 4 pF per inch for the A00525 float sensor.
2. Quick cal: One point calibration which enters the actual amount of oil in the chosen engineering units. This is usually done at 0% oil.

3.3.7.1 CHECK OIL SENSITIVITY (SLOPE) SETTING

- DO THIS FIRST BEFORE AUTOCAL SINCE CHANGING THIS VALUE WILL REQUIRE REDOING AUTOCAL.
- Press the CALIB key:

***** CALIBRATION ******

1-Quick	2-Full
3-Manual	4-Slope/of
5-Act Lngth	0-Prb:1

- Press 0 to select the desired probe if necessary, then 4 for Slope / Offset.
- Verify that the slope value is correct. Check the slope value listed in the SETTINGS SHEET in section 6.0 or with Arjay Technical Support. To modify, enter in the new value followed by the Enter key. If no change, just press the Enter key. NOTE: the Slope prompt is in pF / xxx where xxx are the engineering units chosen in section 3.3.3. Arjay slopes are specified in pF / inch only. To use other engineering units such as cm, the slope in pF/inch must first be changed to pF/cm.
- The Offset value should not be modified. It is automatically set after a successful calibration (either the Quick or Full 2 point procedure). It is the capacitance value corresponding to water only (no oil). Increasing levels of oil will decrease the measured capacitance starting from this value and changing at the rate set by the slope value.

3.3.7.2 QUICK CAL (ONE POINT)

- If not at the CALIBRATION menu, press the CALIB menu key. If necessary, press 0 to select the desired probe. Press 1 for Quick Calibration.
- Measure the actual level of oil in the same engineering units chosen in section 3.3.3. For new installations, there is usually no oil present in which case the Autocal value should be 0.
- Note: FULL CAL may be used but would require that the sump or vessel be filled with a known quantity of oil in order to get the second point of calibration.
- If necessary, repeat the above steps for the other probe.

3.3.7.3 ACTIVE PROBE LENGTH

NOTE: THIS VALUE IS ONLY USED TO CALCULATE AND DISPLAY OIL IN % MAXIMUM CAPACITY. It is NOT USED in calibration, or to set alarms, or the mA output, all of which must be entered in the chosen engineering units. It is specified as the length on the probe used to measure the full range of oil anticipated by the application. Note: The Active Probe Length

typically does not include the entire length of the probe, but just the length over which the 0-100% oil is to be measured.

NOTE: The Active Probe Length is entered in the chosen engineering units. i.e. if the engineering units are in kg (assuming the kg of oil in the vessel is proportional to vertical depth and the SLOPE was entered in pF/kg) then the value entered should be the maximum kg of oil capacity of the vessel.

- Press the CALIBRATION key to get to the CALIBRATION menu. If necessary, press 0 to select the desired probe. Press 5 for Active Probe Length.
- The unit prompts for the maximum capacity of the vessel IN THE ENGINEERING UNITS CHOSEN IN SECTION 3.3.3. Enter the vessel maximum value (normally 1" for A00083 float) then press the Enter key.
- If necessary, repeat the above steps so for the other probe.

3.3.8 ENABLE ALARM RELAY CONTROL

- If the Alarm Relays are being used, now that calibration has been successfully completed, the Alarm Relay control may be re-enabled.
- Press the CONTROL key to get to the CONTROL menu, then 1 for Relay Settings then 5 to enable.
- The right, bottom corner of the display should show ENA for Enabled.
- Press the DISPLAY key to go back to the Display menu.

THIS COMPLETES THE SETUP AND CALIBRATION PROCEDURE
NO FURTHER SETUP OR CONFIGURATION IS REQUIRED
THE NEXT SECTION (4) IS FOR REFERENCE ONLY

4.0 OPERATION

IN THE FOLLOWING TEXT A MENU WILL BE DISPLAYED AS A PATH. FOR EXAMPLE THE AUTOCAL MENU: [CALIB\1]. (CALIB key then 1 for QUICK).

SETTINGS MENU: [SETUP\3] (SETUP key then 3 for SETTINGS).

The 2000 Oil Level Monitor uses a high precision and highly repeatable RF technique to measure capacitance, which in turn is used to calculate level. The capacitor decreases in capacitance linearly as the level of oil increases.

The factory has predetermined values for the slope (change in capacitance per selected engineering unit) with the typical values being 7 pF/inch for the A00083 float and 4 pF/inch for the A00525 float. The only field calibration required is a Single Point Calibration to set the 0 level oil capacitance. This may be done at any oil level and not necessarily at 0% oil, although this is often the most convenient. During the Single Point Calibration, the instrument uses the SLOPE value and the current actual oil level value entered by the user to calculate the capacitance at 0% oil. A FULL CAL may be done but would require two known levels of the type of oil used (water can be used as the first point).

Four relay contacts are provided: a pump relay for each probe, and 2 general purpose oil level alarm relays. Each pump relay is intended turn on a pump when the oil level rises above a user selectable oil pump setpoint. In the event of an oil spill, when the oil level rises above this setpoint, the pump is turned on for a user selectable amount of time. The time chosen should be long enough for the particular pump size to pump out the maximum expected oil in the vessel. The pump is then turned off. The alarm condition is however not reset until the measured oil level falls below the pump setpoint. This makes sure that some oil was pumped out even though it may have been replaced with air. In the event that the pump cannot keep up with the oil inflow, 2 other relays are provided. One of them may be set to alarm at an oil level higher than the oil pump setpoint. This alarm relay would alarm to indicate the pump cannot keep up. The third relay setpoint may be set to an oil level higher than the previous relay setpoint and is typically used to shut off the main valve into the sump or reservoir as a final resort. An additional relay is provided to indicate instrument failure.

NOTE: there are 2 general purpose alarm relays (Relays 2 and 4) which may be set to be controlled by either probe. A typical arrangement is to set Relay 2 to be controlled by probe 1 and Relay 4 to be controlled by probe 2.

All Level-Ease 2000 Series Controllers and Transmitters are intelligent and can perform a number of tasks simultaneously (multitasking software). This means that even while in another menu, the capacitance is always measured in the background. For example if the Filter value is being set in the SETTINGS submenu (SETUP\SETTINGS menu), the oil level value, relay alarms and mA outputs are still being updated. This is important since keypad entries are typically slow and sometimes an operator might forget to return the unit to the normal DISPLAY menu: in this case Alarm relays and mA output are still updated. In some menus however, the mA output and or the Alarm Relays are not updated on purpose; for example while in the calibration menu, the unit assumes that the unit is being calibrated and so the calculated level may be erroneous. In this case, the mA and Alarm Relays are set to the inactive states.

Periodically, (every 5-10 seconds) the unit does a self diagnostic. If major errors are found they are displayed on the LCD. These error messages take precedence over the level information in the DISPLAY menu ONLY. All other menus may be entered and parameters viewed or changed. In case of errors, this allows the user to enter the DIAGNOSTICS menu and check the capacitance or frequency etc.

4.1 DISPLAY MENU [DISP]

This is the default or normal operating screen. It shows:

```
#1: 9.00% 1.08in
□ □
#2: 20.0% 4.80in
```

□□□□

NOTE: The shown values are for example only.

The 1st and 2nd lines are for probe #1. Line 1 shows the oil level in percent and in selected engineering units. One of 8 engineering units may be selected in the configuration menu as described in the next sub-section. Line 2 displays a bar graph of the oil percent. The resolution is 5%.

The 3rd and 4th lines are for probe #2.

The Status Indicator (see figure 3.0) should be green. If this is red then the LCD displays the kind of System Error. See the troubleshooting guide for details.

4.2 CALIBRATION [CALIB]

This is described in section 3.3.7 and in OPERATION above.

4.3 CONTROL MENU [CONT]

The CONTROL menu allows the setup of the mA output and the Control Relays.

NOTE: The Control Relays and the mA output are set to their OFF states when in the CALIBRATION menu [CALIB]. In the DIAGNOSTICS menu [FUNCTION \ 2], the 20mA output may be set manually by the operator to 4mA, 20mA or any user selectable value between 0 and 20mA. In this case the mA output does not reflect the level value.

4.3.1 mA SETTINGS

The mA output Zero and Span settings may be set anywhere within the measurement range. For example, if the Zero is set to 5 inches of oil and the Span is set at 10 inches of oil then the mA output is scaled between these two points with the mA output indicating low level at 5 inches and high level at 10 inches of oil. These values are for example only. Typically, the zero value is set to 0 inches of oil.

The mA output may also be set to Direct or Inverse Acting. In Direct Action, the mA output is 4mA when the level is at the Zero level and 20mA when at the Span level. In Inverse Action, the mA output is 20mA when the level is at the Zero level and 4mA when at the Span level.

4.3.2 RELAY SETTINGS

Relays 1 and 3 are fixed for Oil Pump control for probes 1 and 2 respectively. Relays 2 and 4 are general purpose and may be used for alarms or control such as pumps, valves and other equipment based on Oil level values.

Below are user selectable options for Relays 2 and 4.

Four parameters are available for Relays 2 and 4:

1. CONTROLLED BY WHICH PROBE: The general purpose relays may be set to be controlled by either one of the 2 probes.
2. HIGH ALARM (or SET) POINT. This value is specified in the chosen engineering units. Above this value, relay action is taken depending on the Relay Action and Failsafe settings.
3. RELAY ACTION. High or Low Action. Selecting high action will set the relay to an alarm state when the level exceeds the alarm point for at least the time delay period. An LED on the front panel for the appropriate relay indicates the alarm condition. The relay is set to a non alarm state (with no delay) when the level falls below the alarm point. Selecting low action will set the relay to an alarm state when the level falls below the control point for at least the time delay period. The relay is set to a non alarm state (with no delay) when the level rises again above the

control point. The relay alarm state i.e. normally energized or not energized is set by the Failsafe setting described next.

4. **FAILSAFE.** Failsafe ON typically means that the relay is normally energized when not in alarm. In an alarm condition, the relay is de-energized i.e. identical to when the instrument power is shut off. Setting the Failsafe OFF, keeps the relay normally de-energized when not in alarm. Note: regardless of the alarm condition, the corresponding relay LED on the front panel is always ON when in an alarm state.
5. **RELAY DELAY.** Minimum time in seconds for an alarm to exist before the corresponding relay is set to its alarm state. The relay alarm state depends on the Relay Action and Failsafe settings.

4.3.3 ALARM RELAY SETTINGS SELECTION

1. Identify the positive action required in the control application such as turning on a pump, opening a valve, or sounding an alarm. Note: the time delay is applied to the start of the positive action; also, the corresponding LED is turned on to indicate the positive action.
2. Identify if Fail Safe condition is required in an alarm condition. If the Positive Action is the same as in a Power Fail condition then Fail Safe setting should be ON. Typically control applications (relay used to control pump etc.), the positive action has the opposite state as that required in the event of a power or instrument failure so Fail Safe is typically OFF. For alarm applications (relay used to indicate an abnormal condition such as a high tank level), the positive action typically is the same state desired as in the event of a power or instrument failure so the Fail Safe condition is typically ON.
3. Identify the type of relay action required: if the positive action is required when the level exceeds the control point then select High Action for the relay. If the positive action is required when the level falls below the control point then select Low Action.
4. Identify the relay contacts to use (either Normally Open or Normally Closed). The contacts used are dictated by the failsafe setting and if the positive action requires the application of power or removal of power to the controlled device.

The following table summarizes the settings for all possible requirements:

#	DESIRED CONTACT CONDITIONS			DO THIS		
	BELOW LOW SETPOINT	ABOVE HIGH SETPOINT	INSTRUM. Or PWR FAILURE	FAILSAFE SETTING	RELAY ACTION	USE CONTACTS
1	Open	Closed (PA)	Open	No	High Acting	NO
2	Open	Closed (PA)	Closed	Yes	High Acting	NC
3	Closed (PA)	Open	Open	No	Low Acting	NO
4	Closed (PA)	Open	Closed	Yes	Low Acting	NC
5	Open (PA)	Closed	Closed	No	Low Acting	NO
6	Open (PA)	Closed	Open	Yes	Low Acting	NC
7	Closed	Open (PA)	Closed	No	High Acting	NO

8	Closed	Open (PA)	Open	Yes	High Acting	NC
---	--------	-----------	------	-----	-------------	----

- (PA) = positive action desired such as turning on a pump.
- Conditions 1, 3, 5, 7 are typically for control applications where the positive action i.e. turning on a pump, should be shut off during a power failure to the Arjay level controller.
- Conditions 2, 4, 6, 8 are typically for alarm applications where the positive action i.e. sounding an alarm if the level is at a high level, should also be in place during a power failure to the Arjay level controller.

4.3.4 RELAY SETTINGS EXAMPLE

An alarm buzzer and light must be turned on if the level in a tank exceeds 5 inches of oil or in the event of an instrument or power failure.

Settings:

Control point: 5 inches (Alarm setpoint for Relay 2 or 4)

Failsafe: Yes

Relay action: High acting

Contacts used: Normally Closed

Explanation:

In this case the positive action is turning on a buzzer and light.

Since the buzzer / light should also be turned on if the Arjay unit fails or in the event of a power failure i.e. the positive action state is the same as the failure state, the failsafe setting should be Yes.

Since the positive action is desired when the level rises above the control point, the relay setting should be High Acting.

Since the buzzer / light require power to turn on, and the failsafe setting is Yes, the normally closed contacts should be used.

In an alarm application, the alarm time delay should be set as low as possible.

4.4 SETUP [SETUP]

The FUNCTION menu is used for one-time setup and for Diagnostics:

```
*****SETUP*****
1-PMC 2000 2-Diags
3-Settings
```

4.4.1 PMC 2000 (Manual) [SETUP \ 1 \ 2]

This menu is to calibrate the 2000 series controller for the particular PMC-2000 level transmitter module located at the probe head. There are 3 calibration parameters: A, K, C. These values are used to calculate the capacitance from the frequency signal received from the PMC-2000, and must be set for each of the 2 probes. The parameters may be calibrated manually or automatically. Automatic Calibration is performed at the factory on each PMC-2000 module. The A,K,C values are then affixed by a label on the connector. AUTOMATIC CALIBRATION IS ONLY TO BE PERFORMED BY AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL AND IS BEYOND THE SCOPE OF THIS MANUAL. IF PROBLEMS ARE ENCOUNTERED OR IF THE A,K,C VALUES ARE NOT KNOWN PLEASE CONTACT AN ARJAY REPRESENTATIVE.

Manual entry of the A,K,C values is described in Section 3.3.1

4.4.2 DIAGNOSTICS [SETUP \ 2]

This menu displays the received frequency signal from the PMC-2000 module at the probe head and the calculated capacitance. Both of these values are useful in determining calibration or performance problems.

```
****DIAGNOSTICS****  
1# 12.04pF 4461.48Hz  
2# 35.03pF 4096.12Hz  
1-4mA 2-20mA 3-Other
```

The 2214 reads the capacitance as a frequency coded signal from the PMC 2000 module in each probe head. In this diagnostic screen, the frequency in Hz and the corresponding calculated capacitance in pF are displayed for each probe.

Pressing key 1 forces the mA output to 4mA. Similarly pressing key 2 forces the mA output to 20mA. Any other value between 0 and 20 may be set by pressing 3 for "Other" then entering the desired mA output value.

This feature is convenient to check the performance of external recorders or PLC's, which read the mA output. The mA output reverts back to its actual level when the normal Display Menu is selected.

4.4.3 SETTINGS MENU [SETUP \ 3]

This menu sets the digital filter and the engineering units. In addition the mA output may be trimmed for maximum accuracy. Also the Tag number and Software revision may be viewed:

```
***** SETTINGS *****  
1-Filter 2-Units  
3-Tag # 4-mA Trim  
2214 Rev:2040_14
```

mA TRIM:

This procedure trims the mA output for maximum accuracy by compensating for the mA output circuitry tolerances. THIS PROCEDURE IS PERFORMED ON EVERY TRANSMITTER AT THE FACTORY AND IS TO BE PERFORMED BY AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL ONLY. IF IMPROPERLY DONE, THE ACCURACY OF THE mA OUTPUT IS AFFECTED.

Under certain conditions this procedure may be undertaken in the field with Arjay's permission:

- Press the SETUP key, and select the appropriate probe mA output by pressing 0 if necessary.
- Press 3 for Settings and then 4 for mA Trim. The will now output 20.0mA.
- Disconnect any load connected to the mA output of the transmitter.
- With an ACCURATE MULTIMETER MEASURE THE ACTUAL mA OUTPUT. The Multimeter should have at least one place of decimal.
- Enter this value at the prompt and press the Enter key. A maximum tolerance adjustment of 3% is allowed i.e. the entered value must be in the range of 19.4mA to 20.6mA. If a value out of this range is entered an error is flashed on the screen. If this occurs, contact an Arjay representative for assistance.

FILTER, ENGINEERING UNITS, TAG #:

These settings are described in Section 3.3.2, 3.3.3, and 3.3.4 respectively.

5.0 TROUBLESHOOTING

CONDITION	DO THIS
1. DISPLAY MENU SHOWS: Error: No Xmtr Signal for either probe 1 or 2	<p>The unit is not receiving a frequency signal from the remote PMC-2000 pulse card in the probe head: Check wiring.</p> <p>If wiring checks out: call Arjay Technical Support. An adjustment may be made at the controller.</p>
2. DISPLAY MENU SHOWS: Error: Setup Values Bad.	<p>This indicates that one of the calibration or setup parameters has been corrupted. Compare ALL parameters with the table in Section 6.0 to indicate which one. Re-enter it</p> <p>Call Arjay Technical Support</p>
3. DISPLAY MENU SHOWS: Error: pF out of range for either probe 1 or 2	<p>The calculated capacitance is out of the legal range: Check if the A,K,C values in the unit match the A,K,C values of the corresponding PMC-2000 transmitter in the probe head.</p> <p>Check the integrity of the float or Teflon sheath of the probe. If this has been damaged, water could cause an electrical short circuit between the probe within the Teflon sheath and the ground reference. In this case a very high capacitance is usually registered. Check the Xmtr frequency in the Diagnostics menu. If the frequency is around 2300 Hz or below then a short should be suspected. To confirm: Open the junction box and disconnect the wire from the float to the PMC-2000. Using a DVM, measure the resistance between the enclosure case and the float wire. It should read infinite resistance or OL. Make sure that fingers and hands do not touch the metal portion of the probes of the DVM since this could show a lower resistance: 1-10mohms.</p> <p>Contact an Arjay Representative.</p>
4. DISPLAY MENU SHOWS: Error: Memory Failure.	<p>The storage memory has been found to be bad. Call Technical Support for help.</p>
5. The level reading is erratic or unstable	<p>Check the Slope value. Make sure it is the proper value printed in the controller settings sheet. If so, then check if the probe is being splashed by incoming liquid or if there are moving mixer parts (especially metallic) close to the probe. If this is true, then try increasing the Filter time setting.</p>
6. Readings are not accurate i.e. the displayed values are not accurate as the oil level changes.	<p>For floats with a factory supplied concentric shield, make sure the pressure equalizing slots / holes in the shield are unobstructed i.e. the liquid level inside and outside the shield are always the same.</p>

6.0 CONTROLLER SETTINGS SHEET

Checked by	
Model Number	
Serial Number	
Software Rev.	

PROBE 1

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	FACTORY SETTING	USER SETTING
Probe A value	Probe PMC-2000 level transmitter calibration value		
Probe K value	Probe PMC-2000 level transmitter calibration value		
Probe C value	Probe PMC-2000 level transmitter calibration value		
Slope	Factory installed value of capacitance per level change of oil	7 pF / inch (A00083) or 4pF/inch (A00525)	
Offset	Result of a successful Calibration: Calculated capacitance for 0% oil.		
Active Probe Length	Active part of probe measured from the probe bottom.	1 inches	
Zero	Zero Level value for mA output (in chosen engineering units).	0 inches	
Span	Full Scale Level value for mA output (in chosen engineering units).	1 inches	
mA Action	Direct (20mA when level at Span) or Inverse (4mA when level is at Span)	DIR	
Pump Hi Set (Relay 1)	Pump (Relay 1) high alarm: pump (relay 1) turned on for a selectable time when oil level exceeds this value. The pump will not turn on again until the level drops below this value. Note: alarm value in chosen engineering units)	.3 inches	
Pump On Delay	Amount of time the oil level must be above the Pump High Setpoint before the pump relay is energized	0 sec	
Pump On time (Relay 1)	The time in seconds for which the pump is turned on when the oil level first exceeds the PUMP HI SET value (Relay 1 Hi Set).	2 sec	
Pump Failsafe (Relay 1)	This relay is forced to normally de-energized (Failsafe = OFF) since it controls a pump which should be OFF if power to the 2114 OWS is removed.	OFF	No change allowed

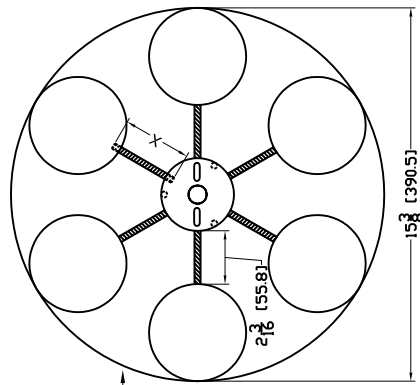
PROBE 2

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	FACTORY SETTING	USER SETTING
Probe A value	Probe PMC-2000 level transmitter calibration value		
Probe K value	Probe PMC-2000 level transmitter calibration value		
Probe C value	Probe PMC-2000 level transmitter calibration value		
Slope	Factory installed value of capacitance per level change of oil	7 pF / inch (A00083) or 4pF/inch (A00525)	
Offset	Result of a successful Calibration: Calculated capacitance for 0% oil.		
Active Probe Length	Active part of probe measured from the probe bottom.	1 inches	
Zero	Zero Level value for mA output (in chosen engineering units).	0 inches	
Span	Full Scale Level value for mA output (in chosen engineering units).	1 inches	
mA Action	Direct (20mA when level at Span) or Inverse (4mA when level is at Span)	DIR	
Pump Hi Set (Relay 3)	Pump (Relay 3) high alarm: pump (relay 3) turned on for a selectable time when oil level exceeds this value. The pump will not turn on again until the level drops below this value. Note: alarm value in chosen engineering units)	.3 inches	
Pump On Delay	Amount of time the oil level must be above the Pump High Setpoint before the pump relay is energized	0 sec	
Pump On time (Relay 3)	The time in seconds for which the pump is turned on when the oil level first exceeds the PUMP HI SET value (Relay 3 Hi Set).	2 sec	
Pump Failsafe (Relay 3)	This relay is forced to normally de-energized (Failsafe = OFF) since it controls a pump which should be OFF if power to the 2114 OWS is removed.	OFF	No change allowed

COMMON PARAMETERS

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	FACTORY SETTING	USER SETTING
Relay2 link	Which probe controls this relay	1	
Relay2 Action	Set for high or low acting (see Sections 4.3.2 – 4.3.4 for details)	High	
Relay2 Failsafe	Failsafe of ON sets the relay as normally energized (no alarm) and de-energized in an alarm condition.	ON	
Relay2 Hi Set	Alarm Relay 2 high alarm: alarm condition if level is above this value (value in chosen engineering units).	0.6 inches (A00083) or 10 inches (A00525)	
Relay4 link	Which probe controls this relay	2	
Relay4 Action	Set for high or low acting (see Sections 4.3.2 – 4.3.4 for details)	High	
Relay4 Failsafe	Failsafe of ON sets the relay as normally energized (no alarm) and de-energized in an alarm condition.	ON	
Relay4 Hi Set	Alarm Relay 4 high alarm: alarm condition if level is above this value (value in chosen engineering units).	0.6 inches (A00083) or 15 inches (A00525)	
Alarm Enable	Master Alarm Relay Enable: If Off this will prevent relays from reflecting the Alarm condition. The relay will remain in the non alarm condition based on the Fail-safe switch setting on the relay modules	ON	
Filter	Digital Filter response time in seconds. Used to smooth out level fluctuations caused by splashing etc.	0 sec	
Engineering Units	Eng. units chosen to display level information in addition to the level in %.	in (inches)	
Tag Number	For network applications only. All Arjay 2000 series controllers connected to a network must have a unique Tag Number between 1 and 100	1	

Top View



SS Wire Tack Welded To Outside Balls

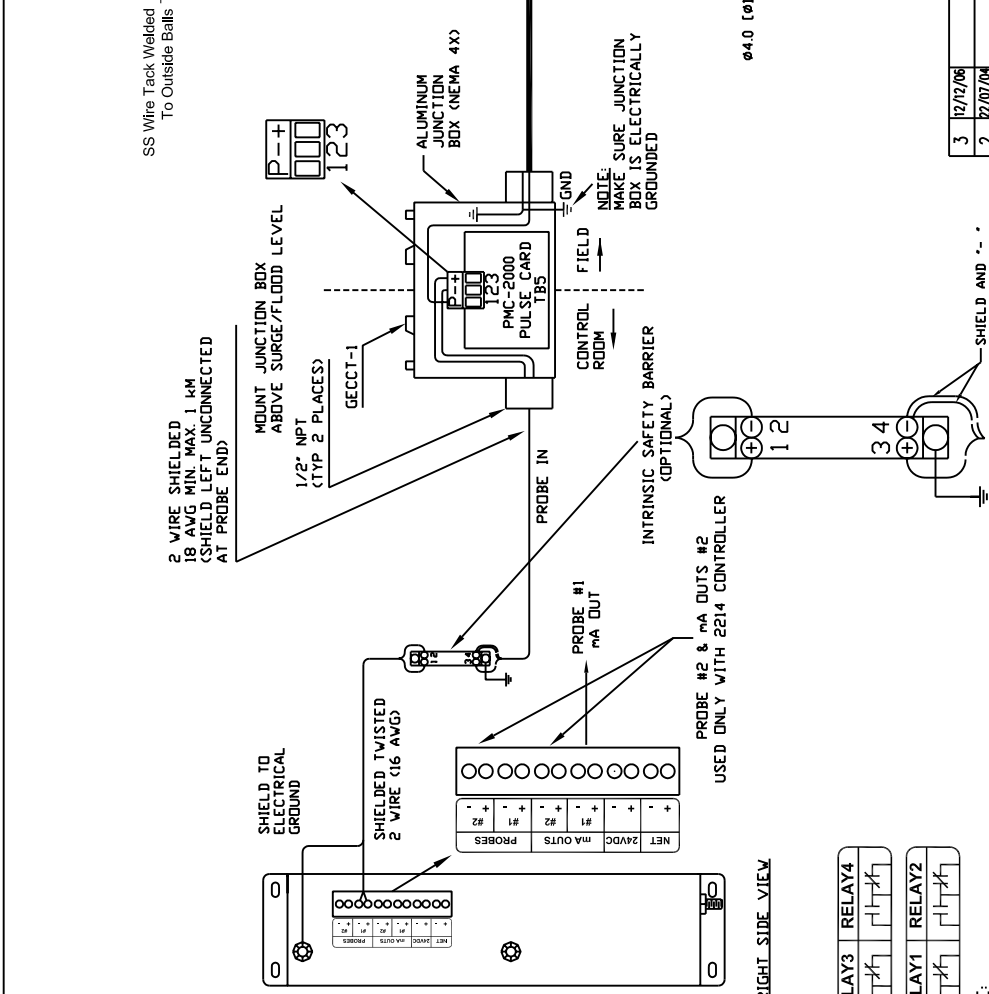
35' (10 METERS) OF RGG2AU CO-AXIAL CABLE POTTED AT SENSOR

FRONT VIEW

NOTE: MAKE SURE JUNCTION BOX IS ELECTRICALLY GROUNDED

7.0
12.0 (30.48)
12.0 (30.48)
7.0

ø4.0 (ø101.6)



2 WIRE SHIELDED 18 AWG MIN. MAX. 1 KM (SHIELD LEFT UNCONNECTED AT PROBE END)

MOUNT JUNCTION BOX ABOVE SURGE/FLOOD LEVEL 1/2" NPT (TYP 2 PLACES)

GECCT-1

ALUMINUM JUNCTION BOX (NEMA 4X)

PMC-2000 PULSE CARD TBS

123

CONTROL ROOM

FIELD

PROBE IN

INTRINSIC SAFETY BARRIER (OPTIONAL)

PROBE #1 mA OUT

PROBE #2 & mA OUTS #2 USED ONLY WITH 2214 CONTROLLER

SHIELD TO ELECTRICAL GROUND

SHIELDED TWISTED 2 WIRE (16 AWG)

NET 24VDC

mA OUTS

PROBES

#1 #2

PROBES

NET 24VDC

mA OUTS

PROBES

#1 #2

PROBES

NET 24VDC

mA OUTS

PROBES

#1 #2

PROBES

NET 24VDC

mA OUTS

PROBES

#1 #2

PROBES

NET 24VDC

mA OUTS

PROBES

#1 #2

PROBES

NET 24VDC

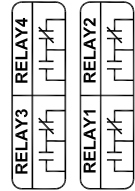
mA OUTS

PROBES

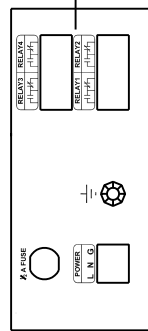
#1 #2

PROBES

RIGHT SIDE VIEW



NOTE:
R1, R2, R3 & R4 CONNECTIONS
10 AMP AT 120 VAC
10 AMP AT 24 VDC
RESISTIVE LOAD
DRY CONTACTS



NOTE:
POWER CONNECTION
120 VAC OR 220 VAC
AS PER MODEL NUMBER

2214 RELAY CONFIGURATION:

- R1 - OIL PUMP
- R2 - FAULT
- R3 - SPARE CONTACTS
- R4 - SPARE CONTACTS

2214 RELAY CONFIGURATION:

- R1 - PROBE #1 OIL PUMP
- R2 - PROBE #1 SPARE CONTACTS
- R3 - PROBE #2 OIL PUMP
- R4 - PROBE #2 SPARE CONTACTS

NOTE:
1) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND MILLIMETERS
2) THE WEIGHT OF STYLE B FLOAT SENSORS IS 11 lbs/5 kg.

REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION	CHK'D	APP'D
3	12/12/06	CHANGED FLOAT TO 12" & DESIGN		
2	2/27/04	ADDED 2214 CONTROLLER		
1	29/09/03	ADDED INTRINSIC SAFETY BARRIER		

REVISIONS

ARJAY ENGINEERING LIMITED

PROJECT: 2114/2214 HCF

TITLE: HCF CONTROLLER WITH STYLE B FLOAT SENSOR ELECTRICAL OVERVIEW

BY: V.H. 18/07/03

DATE: 18/07/03

SCALE: N.T.S.

DWG. NO.: 20020292

SHT. 1

REV. 3